

Optimisation of GYN brachytherapy by 3D printing of personalized applicators

Britt Haanen, Research Associate, Maastro Clinic Maastro Science Day – 29th May 2024



Contents

- Project background
- 3D printing: methods and results
 - 'New Standard' designs
 - Personalisation
- Clinical implementation
- Closing remarks & Conclusion

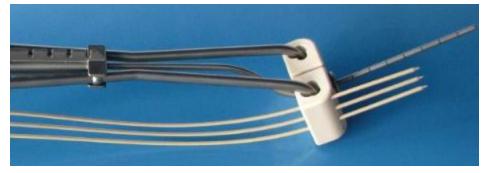
Project background: team

- Britt Haanen *Research Associate*
- Dr. ir. Celine van Beveren Medical Physicist, Project Leader
- Dr. Nienke Kuijsters *Radiation Oncologist*
- Dr. Ludy Lutgens *Radiation Oncologist*
- Dr. ir. Erik Roelofs Medical Physicist, Medical Technology Supervisor
- Robert Voncken Brachytherapy Technician

- Prof. Dr. ir. Frank Verhaegen *Head of Physics Research Department*
- Dr. Gabriel Paiva Fonseca Assistant Professor Physics Research Department

Project background: cervix procedure

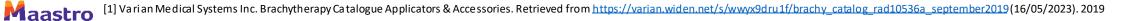
- Brachytherapy Centre of Excellence
 - +/- 200 brachy treatments per year
 - Cervix: 50 treatments per year (25 patients)
 - Use combined IC/IS technique:
 - Varian Fletcher applicator with interstitial ovoids
 - Varian Interstitial Cylinder



Fletcher applicator with interstitial ovoids [1]



Interstitial cylinder [1]



Project background

'We can do better'

Standard needle configurations not satisfactory

- Combination oblique and straight
- New applicator forms
- Personalisation

3D printing opens up a lot of possibilities

Project background

Aim of the project is two-fold

Use 3D printing to...

- (1) Develop a set of 'new standard' templates based on our clinical experience *Focus for clinical implementation*
- (2) Develop a method for full personalization of a template based on a pre-plan *Research phase*

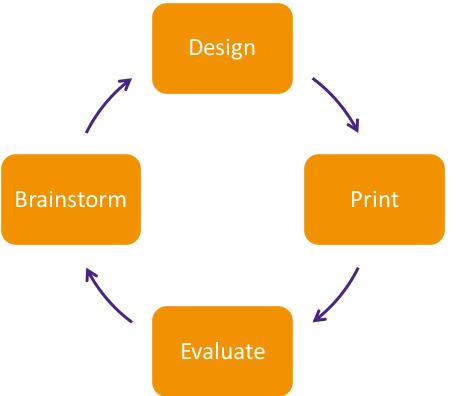
3D printing: methods & results



'New standard' designs: methods

- Starting point: current clinical material
- Adapt based on clinician and technician experience/need

'Expanding our arsenal'



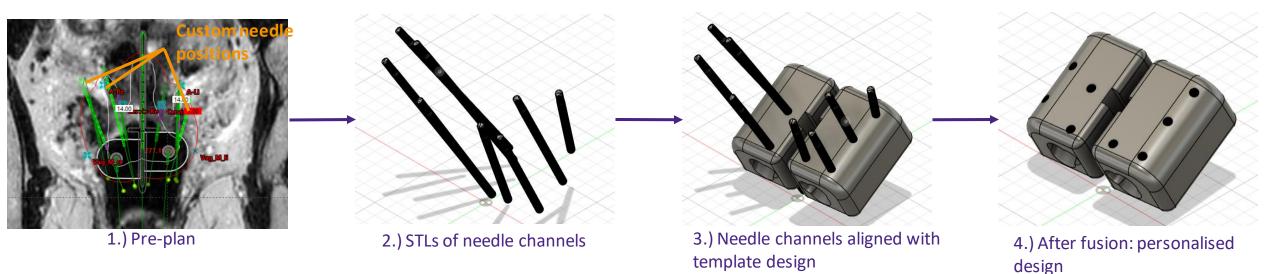
'New standard' designs: results

	1.) Optimised cylinder A (25 mm)	2.) Optimised cylinder B (30/35/40 mm)	3.) Optimised ovoid (mini/small/medium/large, 10 or 15 degree angle)
a.) Needle configuration			
b.) Printed design			

Personalisation: methods

- Create a personalised design from a pre-plan
 - Export plan

- Developed software to convert dwell positions to STL file of needle channel
- Needle channel STLs manually fused with template design



Personalisation: results

• For 2 cases, a personalized design was generated from a pre-plan



0.) Original plan

Proof-of-concept

1.) Personalised pre-plan



2.) Printed personalised ovoid set

- Higher dose to tumour, higher coverage, lower dose to OAR
- Further developed with applicator stl and needle coordinates \rightarrow avoid manual step
- Future development:
 - In-house development
 - External: commercial software developments may also fulfil the desired functionality.

Clinical implementation



Clinical implementation: manufacturing

- Rules and regulations:
 - MDR: accessory to medical device class IIa
 - ISO10993: biocompatibility endpoints for an externally communicating device with prolonged tissue contact
- Explore outsourcing and in-house production
 - Selected in-house SLA production with biocompatible resin
- Manufacturing subject to Quality Management System



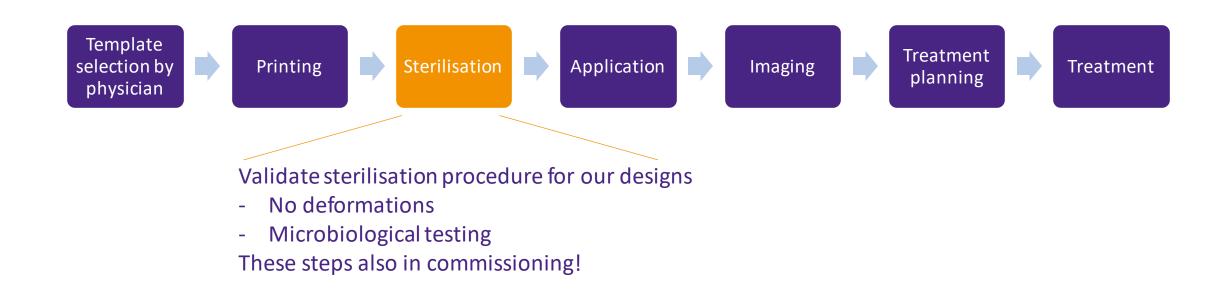


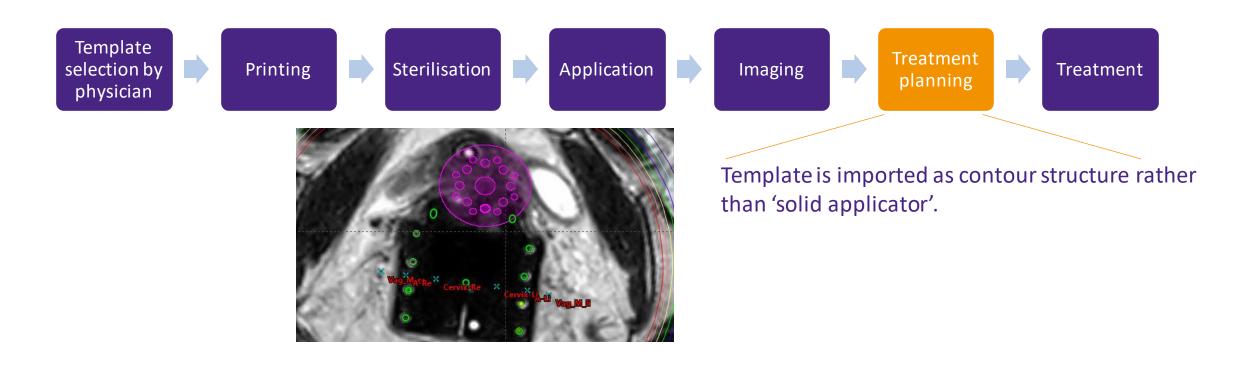


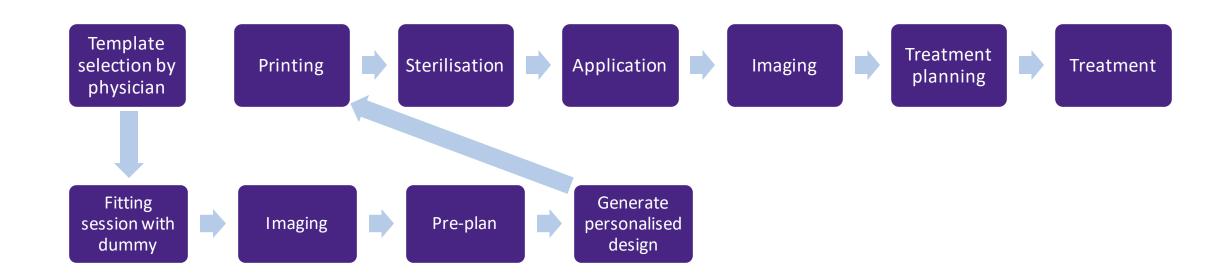
Physician selects most appropriate template All templates must be commissioned



Printing according to resin instructions to ensure biocompatibility endpoints Possibility of 'on-the-shelf' Personalised prints in duplo







Closing remarks

• MDR procedures and in-house validation

 \rightarrow Move towards commissioning of 'new standard' templates late this year

- Further brachy innovations within Maastro more accessible
 - Workflow and equipment present
 - MDR documentation procedure for 3D prints Collaboration with Femke Vaassen

Thank you!

Any questions?

britt.haanen@maastro.nl